# **Development of a Highly Sensitive Human and Male Quantification System** for Assessing DNA Quality in Forensic Samples

# Introduction

A qPCR quantification system which can simultaneously provide human and male quantitative information, as well as assess the extent of degradation in a forensic sample, will be a useful tool for DNA analysts. A multi-copy intra *Alu* based approach, to quantify human specific DNA in an evidence sample, has been successfully used to obtain DNA quantification with high sensitivity<sup>1</sup>. The advantage of an *Alu* system is the presence of a large number of fixed insertions<sup>2</sup> (a total of ~1800 copies/genome of Yb8 and ~1700 full length copies/genome of SVA).

This system (InnoQuant-HY<sup>TM</sup>) utilizes two independent genomic targets and a male specific target in a multiplex to simultaneously obtain quantification of an 80 bp fragment and a 207 bp fragment, as well as male DNA (See Fig. 1). The 80 bp "short" target sequence is from the Yb8-lineage Alu insertion whereas the 207 bp "long" target sequence is from a separate retrotransposon element, SVA<sup>3</sup>.



# **Materials and methods**

Primers and TaqMan probes were designed using two independent intra retrotransposon insertions targets, and a male target. Use of a synthetic 172 bp target as an IPC provides an additional assessment for the presence of PCR inhibitors in the sample.

Real-time PCR reactions were processed on the Applied Biosystems 7500 Real-Time PCR System using Agilent Technologies' Brilliant Multiplex QPCR Master Mix with the following parameters: OI =10 min at 95°C, followed by 38 cycles of: 15 sec at 95°C, and 2 min at 61°C. The ratio between the DNA quantity of the short target divided by DNA quantity of the long target gives an indication of the degree of DNA degradation for the quantified sample, and is termed the "Quality Index", or "QI"

[short] [long]



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ard		
	<ul> <li>Short</li> <li>Long</li> <li>Y (Male)</li> </ul>	
0.0023		

# Conclusions

- A DNA based qualitative/quantitative/inhibition assessment system can be a valuable tool when processing forensically compromised samples.
- The Quality Index (ratio of quantity of short target to long target) strongly correlates to STR profiling success.
- The use of retrotransposon targets significantly improves both sensitivity and reproducibility compared to currently commercially available kits.
- InnoQuant<sup>TM</sup>–HY allows a forensic DNA analyst to:
  - Accurately and simultaneously obtain quantitation values for total human DNA as well as male DNA
  - Improve sample success rate
  - Eliminate unnecessary rework by increasing first pass success rates
  - Streamline sample workflow

### Literature cited

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